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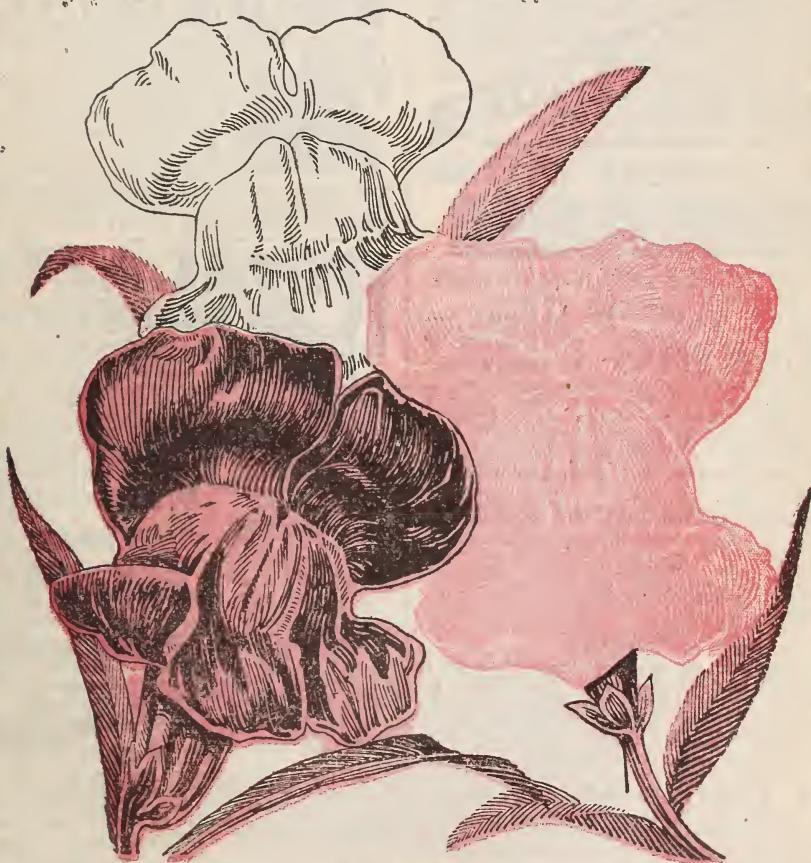
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Park's Floral Magazine

Vol. XLIX, No. 7.
Established 1871.

LA PARK, PA., JULY, 1913.

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CHILDREN'S CORNER.

Dear Mr. Park:—I am 12 years old and live in the city. I live close to the school. I am fond of flowers and have a few. I have a doll, a dog and a chicken. We have been taking your Magazine for a while and like it fine. I have a piano and play some.
Ima Lee Shipley.

Stratford, Okla., April 28, 1913.

Dear Mr. Park:—My grandmother has taken your Magazine for several years and enjoys it. I am a little girl, 9 years old. We have twelve chickens and an old hen. My Grandmother gave me place for my flower garden. I love all kinds of flowers.
Viola Johnson.

Hardy, Nebraska, May 15, 1913.

FORTUNES IN SUCCESSFUL SONGS; I've paid thousands in royalties. Send poems or melodies to me for acceptance. I'll publish under 50 per cent. royalty contract. I composed "Wedding of the Winds" Waltzes. Million copies sold. Dozens of "Hits." Est. 16 years. Free booklet. **John T. Hall, 115 Columbus Circle, New York City.**

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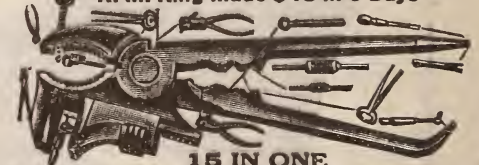
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PARK'S FLORAL MAGAZINE

A MONTHLY JOURNAL OF FLORICULTURE

Price, 1 year 10 cts.
3 years 25 cts.

[Entered at La Park, Pa.,
postoffice as second class mail matter.]

GEO. W. PARK, Editor and Proprietor.

Vol. XLIX.

La Park, Pa., July, 1913.

No. 7.

JULY.

White clouds float like phantom boats,
In a sky of azure blue,
Shadowing the Lily ponds,
Sailing pearly cups of dew;
Soft winds rippling golden grain
Lose themselves among the corn,
And the harvest time refrain
Freights the air from early morn.

Gussie Morrow Gage.

Topeka, Kans., May 29, 1913.

SENECIO ELEGANS.

THERE ARE more than a thousand species of the genus *Senecio*, including annuals, herbaceous perennials, shrubs, small trees, climbers and some succulents, but few of them are worthy of cultivation as decorative plants. Perhaps the best of the annual species is *Senecio elegans*, a plant of which is shown in the little engraving.

Senecio is sometimes called *Jacobæa*. The improved dwarf form is generally preferred, the plants growing compact and bushy to the height of one foot, becoming a mass of bloom. The flowers are double, not unlike a small *Aster*, and range in color from white to deep crimson. They are very showy when seen in beds, and are desirable for cutting, lasting well when the stems are placed in water. Plants started from seeds in spring will begin to bloom in July, and continue in bloom until frost.

The culture of this annual is very simple. The seeds may be sown early in spring in boxes in the window or in a hot-bed. Sow in rows, covering very slightly, and keeping the soil moist until the young plants become established. The seeds germinate in five or six days, and the plants quickly develop. As

soon as large enough, transplant into a shallow tray, placing an inch apart, where they will become stocky and strong, and well suited for bedding out when the weather becomes favorable. Set the plants about six inches apart in the bed, alternating them in the rows, keeping them slightly shaded and the ground moist until well started. Thus treated the growth will be dwarf and bushy, and in a short time the flower buds will appear. As hot weather approaches some fine stable litter may be placed over the soil among the plants, and but little further care will be necessary throughout the season. The bed may be a mixture of color, or may be planted in rows or groups of one color. As the season advances, the flowers will be so numerous as to

almost hide the foliage, and the display will elicit the admiration and praise of all observers.

The beauty of this elegant annual, and the ease with which it may be grown, should recommend it to every grower of flowers, and insure its popularity. The seeds may be obtained from almost any seedsman, either in separate colors or in mixture, at from five to ten cents per packet, a merely nominal sum. Plants started in mid-summer and potted in autumn may be transferred to the plant window, and will make a

fine showing as decorative plants during the early part of the winter.



SENECIO ELEGANS.

Jonquils Blasting.—When the buds of Jonquils fail to develop, the bulbs should be transplanted to a sandy, well-drained, porous bed, setting them four inches deep, and as many inches apart. In preparing the bed, apply a dressing of quick lime, and stir it into the surface.

Park's Floral Magazine.

A Monthly. Entirely Floral.

GEO. W. PARK, B. Sc., Editor and Proprietor,
LA PARK, LANCASTER CO., PA.

The Editor invites correspondence from all who love and cultivate flowers.

Subscription Price, 10 cts. for 1 year, 25 cts. for 3 years, or 50 cts. for 6 years.

All communications relating to advertising should be directed to Rhodes & Leisenring, 1017-21 Unity Building, Chicago, Ill., who are the advertising representatives.

[Entered at La Park, Pa., postoffice as second class mail matter.]

JULY, 1913.

Shasta Daisies.—These are easily grown from seeds, and will thrive in either sun or shade. The plants grow about two feet high, and bloom freely throughout the autumn.

Vines for a North Window.—As a trellis vine for a north window where there is no direct sunlight, use the common Parlor Ivy. It will grow freely and do well without a ray of direct sunlight.

To Destroy Grasshoppers.—A good method for ridding fields of grasshoppers is to keep a flock of turkeys and guineas. They are natural destroyers of insects, and will rarely trouble the crops.

Jacobæan Amaryllis.—This is a Mexican plant that delights in a sunny situation. As a rule the plants will do well in rich chip dirt, mixed with a little sand. The bulbs should be allowed to ripen well in autumn in order to bloom the following season.

Devil's Tongue.—A subscriber writes that she has a Lily named Devil's Tongue, which is beautiful, but has a vile odor that is said to kill other growing plants near it. It is probably a species of Arum, perhaps, Arum Cornutum. The effect of the odor is doubtless exaggerated. The plant is of easy culture and almost hardy.

Geranium Diseases.—Geranium plants are sometimes troubled with a cankerous growth upon the stem at the surface of the ground. When this appears, it is well to cut it out and dust lime and sulphur upon the affected parts. If it continues to be troublesome, start new plants from the branches and discard the old ones.

Easter Lilies After Blooming.—After blooming the common Easter Lily should be watered until the tops are matured, then withhold water gradually and give the plant a season of rest until autumn. Thus treated the plant will sometimes bloom again. As a rule, however, it is better to bed the plant out instead of repotting, and depend upon the florist for a well-grown imported bulb which can be depended upon for future blooming.

CUT WORMS.

IN SOME sections of the country cut worms have become very troublesome, and it is with difficulty that Sweet Peas and garden vegetables can be grown. An effective remedy is to apply poisoned baits where the worms are likely to appear. Cut worms are very fond of bran or middlings, and if paris green is mixed with these materials, moistened, and placed between the rows and about the plants, the pests will eat the poisoned bait in preference to the plants, and can thus be destroyed. Where there is danger of the plants being cut off by cut worms it is well to wrap a bit of paper around the stems in transplanting, to prevent an attack of the worms. Cabbage, Tomatoes, and the like, can thus be saved from the ravages of the pest. Where fields are infested with cut worms it is well to plow the ground in autumn and apply a dressing of quick-lime to the surface. The lime and freezing of the soil will tend to eradicate the pest.

Begonia Leaves Turning Brown.—When Begonia leaves are exposed to the sun the leaves are liable to turn brown at the edges after watering, because of the hot sun's rays. Where the situation is shady, except in the morning and evening, this will not occur. The foliage of Begonias, however, is sometimes affected by a fungus or blight, which causes the leaves to turn brown and die. By examining the surface of the leaves rough, brown spots will be found, which indicate the presence of the disease. When thus diseased, dust the foliage with lime and sulphur, or spray with lime and sulphur solution, also work some lime and sulphur into the surface soil. It is well to gather and burn the affected leaves.

Long Distance Mailing Plants.—A subscriber in Texas wishes a list of plants that will travel a long distance in the mails without injury. All of the bulbous and tuberous plants are of this character, such as Hyacinths, Narcissus, Crocuses, Dahlias, Pæonies, Cannas, Caladiums, Tuberoses, etc. Some of the fleshy-rooted perennials will also travel safely a long distance. Of these the Platycodon, Perennial Poppy, Day Lily, Iris, Alstroemeria, Typha and Crambe are examples. Almost any of the hardy perennial plants can be safely sent in a dormant state, but the more tender plants are rather difficult to send a long distance without injury.

Arum Cornutum.—This Arum is almost hardy, and can be bedded out during summer in a partially shaded situation at the east side of house, where it will take care of itself. When large enough, the tuber will throw up a scape bearing a long, curious brown flower at the summit. The larger bulbs can be brought into bloom by placing upon a window sill, without giving any attention to potting or watering.

WINTERING FOXGLOVES.

THE WORST treatment that can be given Foxglove plants in the fall is to cover them with leaves. When so treated they nearly always die from the effect of a fungus or mould, which destroys the vitality of the plants. Foxgloves should be grown in high ground, or in a raised bed, and to protect the plants in winter simply place a board frame around, and about the Holidays fill in with some leafless brush. In some instances the plants will winter better without the brush protection, as they are very sensitive to dampness. The plants should be well established before winter sets in, and should not stand so close in the bed that they will crowd each other. The same may be said of Canterbury Bells, which suffer from dampness in the same way as Foxglove.

Scale on Oleander.—A subscriber in Michigan has a young plant of Oleander the leaves and stem of which are covered with little "scab-like particles" which can be scraped off, leaving a whitish spot. The "scab-like particles" are a kind of scale insect that infests Oleanders. They should be scraped off and the whole plant sponged with hot soap-suds; several treatments will eradicate the pest. The suds should be a little hotter than the hand will bear. Suds of whale oil soap are preferable, but the odor of this material is offensive. A teaspoonful of kerosene oil thoroughly incorporated with the suds will add to the effectiveness of the remedy.



Bird of Paradise.—Poinciana Gillesii, the flower known as Bird of Paradise, is a tropical shrub that grows and blooms well in southern Florida, being perfectly hardy there. It will not be hardy as far north as Kentucky without special protection. In Florida the plant grows in almost pure sand and in full exposure to the sun. As a pot plant it should be treated in the same way, given a sunny exposure and sandy soil, and a rather large pot. Under favorable conditions the plants should bloom in from two to three years, if started from seeds. They are easily grown from seeds, and not difficult to care for. At the North they may be wintered in a warm, well ventilated cellar.

Cutting Back Poinsettia.—In the South, where Poinsettia blooms freely during winter, it is customary to cut the plants back freely in spring, just after the flowers fade. When grown in pots at the North they are sometimes dried off and given a season of rest, and then cut back at the time new growth is encouraged. However, they can just as well be cut back after blooming, and before a rest is given. As a rule the more severely the plant is pruned the more vigorous is the growth.

ROSE ENEMIES.

ROSES are troubled with leaf-hoppers, thrip, scale, aphid, carpenter bee, rose beetle, and slugs. To keep the foliage in good condition, so that the buds will develop into fine flowers, it is necessary to spray the plants, beginning early in the spring, then spray two or three times afterwards, until the flowers begin to develop. The ideal spray is lime-sulphur solution, diluted to one part solution and ten parts water, adding an ounce of arsenate of lead in powder form, to each three gallons of water. Apply with a fine spray, so as to not disfigure the foliage. Apply so as to reach the under side of the foliage as well as the surface. If the rose beetle attacks the flowers, spray only with arsenate of lead, one ounce of powder to three gallons of water. Apply with a fine misty spray, just enough to moisten the petals, and no more. Unless the beetle is disfiguring the petals, do not apply the poison, as there is danger of persons eating the petals of the plants when the flowers are cut for bouquets. Eternal vigilance is the price of Roses, and unless one is willing to give the necessary treatment, success cannot be expected in Rose culture.

Iris from Seeds.—Iris plants are readily raised from seeds if sown as soon as they are ripe in the autumn. The seeds mostly lie dormant in the ground until the following spring, then come up thickly. Sow in a bed of good, porous soil that will not bake, and cover lightly. Then cover the bed with Buckwheat hulls, if they can be obtained, or sawdust, to prevent the ground from drying out. The hulls are preferable. The covering should be from one-eighth to one-fourth inch deep. The plants may remain in the ground for a season, then transplant in the fall, setting them six or eight inches apart in a row, when they will soon become blooming plants and produce just as fine a display of flowers as the parent plants from which the seeds were taken.

Dahlia Buds Blasting.—In a tenacious, wet soil the buds of Dahlias often blight. This is due to acid in the soil, and lack of air to the roots. A liberal dressing of lime applied in autumn to the Dahlia bed, and in the spring stirred in when the bed is dug, will be found to be beneficial. The bed should be in full sunshine, and when hot weather comes mulch with litter from the horse stable. This treatment will usually prove successful in developing the buds and flowers of Dahlias.

Old-fashioned Iris or Flag.—The old-fashioned Iris, commonly called Blue Flag, is a variety of Iris Germanica. It blooms with the White Iris Florentina, and is commonly known in catalogues as Iris Florentina Blue. Although an older sort, it is one of the most showy and hardy of the Iris family, and deserves a prominent place in every collection.

ASPARAGUS FERN.

ASPARAGUS PLUMOSUS, often called Asparagus Fern and Lace Fern, thrives in a rich, fibrous loam, made up of rotted sods, leaf mould and sand, with good drainage. The plant grows spasmodically, that is, it will grow vigorously for several weeks, then stop growing, and the foliage will sometimes fade. When this occurs, the faded parts can be cut away, withholding water for a while, and giving the plant a rest, when it will renew its growth, often throwing up new, strong shoots from the root. The fading of the foliage should be expected occasionally, as it is the nature of the plant for a portion of the branches to turn yellow

when the plant needs a rest. When the roots are pot-bound the plant should be shifted into a larger pot before renewed watering, so that it may develop and grow more freely, and make a finer specimen. Other members of the Asparagus family are similar in habit, and the fading of the foliage must be expected when the growth is matured.



Lime-Sulphur Solution for Roses.—Perhaps the best material for spraying Roses for insects, as well as for fungus diseases, is the lime-sulphur solution diluted, one part solution to ten parts water. Spray both sides of the foliage. This will destroy most of the insects that trouble Roses, also prevent an attack of fungus. It should be applied regularly once a week during the spring and early summer, as, in the culture of Roses the old saying, "an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," is true. Chopped tobacco stems around the plants will fertilize the soil, also prevent an attack of plant lice.

Growing Umbrella Plants.—An Umbrella Plant can be placed in a pot or shallow dish of soil which can be placed in water in the Aquarium. When thus treated it will thrive and make a healthy growth. If a large specimen is wanted for the window, however, shift the plant into a larger pot as fast as the roots develop, until it occupies a six-inch or eight-inch pot. The soil should be porous, rich and with good drainage. Water freely, but see that the drainage is open. Thus grown, specimens may be obtained three feet high, with immense umbrella-like leaves, very attractive as a decorative plant for a room or hall. It is sometimes called Sedge Palm.

Ligustrum Japonicum.—This is an evergreen Privet, rather dwarf and bushy, with pointed leaves from two to three inches long, deep green in color, and leathery in texture. The branches are tipped with straggling panicles of white bloom. It is sometimes known as Ligustrum Sieboldii.

BEE LARKSPUR.

THE SO-CALLED Bee Larkspur is Delphinium Elatum, the most prominent of the perennial species of Larkspur, and a parent of the beautiful hybrids which are now so popular. The plants are perfectly hardy when once started in the garden, and will last for years. The seeds are rather slow to germinate, mostly requiring from three to four weeks. In the meantime the seed-bed must be kept continually moist, though not wet. Many persons fail with Perennial Larkspur because of the tardy germination of the seeds, and the seed-bed is neglected long before the seeds have had sufficient time to germinate.

The hybrids are among the most beautiful of perennial flowers. At the present time (June 13th) groups of these Larkspurs, in various shades and variegations, are in full bloom in the Editor's perennial gardens, many of the plants from seven to nine feet high, the branches terminating in long, erect wreaths of bloom, the admiration of all who see them.

June is a good month to sow perennials, and those who are partial to hardy garden flowers should not fail to sow seeds of the Hybrid Perennial Delphinium. Once established the plants will take care of themselves, and become more attractive and beautiful as they increase in age.



Everblooming Roses.—Among the best of everblooming Roses are Hermosa, Clothilde Soupert, Francisca Krueger, Madam Cochet, white and pink, Helen Gould, Etoile de Lyon, Madam Lombard, Marie Guillot, Killarney, La France, and the old pink Daily. The last named is not a perfect Rose in form, but it is exceedingly free blooming, and worthy of a place where a showy bed is desired.

Lifting Tulips.—Tulips can be lifted immediately after the foliage fades, and kept in paper bags in a dark, cool place until October, when they may be reset. If the plants are in a sunny, sandy, well-drained bed, it is not necessary to lift them, as they can remain there for several years. After the foliage fades, the bed can be used for Geraniums or annuals, which will keep up the floral display until frost.

Lily of the Valley.—Lily of the Valley thrives in a shady bed, either partial shade or dense shade. The plants bloom in spring, the flowers coming in racemes, bell-shaped, waxy in texture, and very fragrant. They are perfectly hardy, and may remain in the ground from year to year. They may be set out either in spring or fall.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

Hyacinths.—Mr. Park: I had three white Hyacinths in the house in the winter. They bloomed and were so sweet. Should I plant the bulbs out, or allow them to rest until fall, and will they bloom more than once a year?—Mrs. Arthur Warren, Portland, N. D., May 15, 1913.

Ans.—Hyacinths that have bloomed in the house should be kept watered until the foliage fades, then set the pot in a cool, ventilated cellar until the first of October, when the bulbs may be taken out and bedded in the garden. They may bloom outdoors, but will not be satisfactory again as pot plants. Hyacinths bloom only once a year.

Non-Bearing Grape.—Mr. Park: Will you please tell me why my Grape Vine does not bear fruit? It is always full of blossoms in spring, but not a grape is on the vine.—John Gildea, Pa., April, 1913.

Ans.—It is doubtless because the flowers are all staminate, as the Grape Vine is often dioecious in character, that is, some vines bear fertile flowers and others barren. It is not uncommon to see specimens of our native Grape Vines that never produce a grape, although covered with bloom in the spring. This is simply because the flowers produced are staminate.

Crab Cactus.—Mr. Park: What ails my Crab Cactus? I have had it nine years but it has bloomed only once. It is large and leafy. I have had it in a ten inch pot.—Miss O'Keefe, New York City, N. Y., May 14, 1913.

Ans.—Crab Cactus, *Epiphyllum truncatum*, often known as Christmas Cactus, blooms freely if allowed to become root-bound, and kept in a dry, sunny place in summer. The best method is to sink the pot in the ground during the heat of summer, and allow nature to care for it. Do not water unless the branches begin to wither. The ripening of the branches, due to sun and dryness about the roots, will promote the development of buds and flowers.

Gladiolus in Cans.—Mr. Park: How shall I care for Gladiolus in cans for summer blooming?—Mrs. L. Rebsamen, Johnson Co., Kan., May 12, 1913.

Ans.—Punch a hole in the bottom of the cans for drainage, fill in a half inch of small charcoal for drainage, covering with a thin layer of Sphagnum Moss, then fill the can till within an inch of the top with good fibrous potting soil, enriched with pulverized cow chips, setting the bulb near the surface of the soil, and apply water. Keep in a shady place until growth begins, then give a sunny situation, tying the plant to a stake when the stem develops. Avoid drying out, also keeping the soil wet.

Rose and Hollyhock Pest.—Mr. Park: Something is eating holes in the leaves of my Roses and Hollyhocks. Last year my Roses were ruined in the same way, and the plants turned brown and died. What shall I do for them?—Francis F. Vond, Colo., June 1, 1913.

Ans.—Spray the foliage with arsenate of lead, using one ounce of powder to three gallons of water, keeping well stirred while applying. This is an effectual remedy for destroying all kinds of leaf-eating pests. The arsenate should be fresh and of good quality.

Begonia, Hyacinths and Cactus.—Mr. Park: My Begonia, Wax Vine and Cactus do not thrive. The leaves of the Begonia and Cactus fall and the Wax Vine looks wilted and yellow. I give them every care. Will you kindly advise me as to treatment?—John R. Bird, Jersey City, N. J., May 28, 1913.

Ans.—It is possible that the soil used in growing these plants is tenacious, and the drainage insufficient. It would be well to remove the plants, wash the roots, pot in sandy, porous soil, with good drainage, keeping in the shade for a few days until the plants become established, then bring them gradually to a partially shaded situation, where they will get plenty of light. Avoid keeping the soil wet; it should be kept moist, but not wet, otherwise the plants will continue in the condition described.

Raising Palms.—Mr. Park: How are Palms raised, and what kind of earth should be used in their culture; also, should they be kept in a warm or cool place?—Mrs. J. E. McCleaster, Beaver Co., Pa., May 15, 1913.

Ans.—Palms are readily grown from seeds, which should be sown before they have become thoroughly dried. After the seeds have become dry the germination is tardy, lying dormant for three to eight months after planting. The seeds should be covered twice the depth of their thickness, using leaf-mold and sand, with a little fibrous loam and good



drainage. If leaf-mold and sand is not handy, chip dirt will answer. The plants will often require a year or more to develop character leaves, their growth being slow. It is important to keep the soil continually moist, especially during the growing season. In winter keep in a cool but frost-proof place, and water rather sparingly. In summer it is well to cover the pots with sphagnum moss and place the pots in jardeniers or larger pots with moss between. This will encourage an even supply of moisture at the roots. Avoid keeping the soil wet.

Gardenia.—Mr. Park: I have a Gardenia plant a foot high, which has lost its old leaves, and under the new ones is a green insect which I can not get rid of. How shall I treat it?—Mrs. R. Emke, Kings Co., N. Y., June 9, 1913.

Ans.—Dip the plant in warm soap suds made with Ivory Soap. Cut back the branches and repot the plant in a compost of sand, leaf-mould or chip dirt and fibrous garden loam. See that the drainage is good and water moderately. Pot the plant firmly. After potting, apply cut tobacco stems to the surface of the soil around the plant. This will prevent the insects from further ravages, and when growth begins keep the soil moist, but not wet. Shade for a few days until the plant becomes established in its new quarters. The plant thrives in a rather sunny situation, and should be sprayed occasionally to keep it clear of insects, and promote a healthy growth.

TUBEROUS BEGONIAS.

FOR A SHADY CORNER Tuberous Begonias are ideal plants. Last summer I wanted something pretty on the north side of a porch. The sun only shone there a little while each day, as there is a house on either side of it. The soil is a stiff clay, and was in blue grass. I had some well-rotted manure spaded in and the soil thoroughly pulverized, very early in the spring.



My Begonias were started in my little greenhouse in March. About the first of May I transferred them to my flower bed. I made sure no manure should come in contact with the roots, by putting in a generous handful of sand before setting the Begonias. My, how they grew! And when the buds came into view how anxiously we watched for the first unfolding. Such beautiful blossoms they were, red and white and pink, of a crepe-like texture. They lasted, too, though they look fragile. In September I took them up, putting them back in the greenhouse to ripen slowly for this year's bedding. Now I am having a window box constructed, and will put my Begonias in that, with other plants suitable for a shady situation.

Boulder, Colo. Margaret M. Mann.

Kudzu Vine.—I have a Kudzu Vine ten years old. It did not bloom until it was six years old. I think it was because I cut it back every spring. Since I quit cutting it back it has bloomed every year. It has a branch 30 feet long and an inch or more through, and is loaded with blossoms every year, and everybody who comes when it is in bloom says, "Oh, what smells so sweet?" It is on the east side of the porch, in common garden soil.

Lucy Robinson.

Franklin Co., O., March 20, 1913.

Common Morning Glory.—I always have lovely Morning Glories of the common sorts. You should sow the seeds south of the veranda, in sandy soil well drained. When well started the plants grow four inches or more in twenty-four hours, and develop leaves as broad as a man's hand. The flowers are freely produced, rich in texture and in many charming colors.

Ohio.

Estelle N. Blaisdell.

A Grape Fruit Freak.—I planted seeds of California Grape Fruit about Christmas, and one plant is all white, both stem and leaves, and is growing in the sun with green leaved plants.

Mrs. I. McCreedy.

Washington Co., Ia., March 8, 1913.

EXPERIENCE WITH PANSIES.

SEVERAL years ago I made a bed for Pansies upon the north side of a stone wall, and somewhat shaded by Maple trees. I raised the bed eight inches by using clear, well-rotted cow-droppings, and over that I put two inches of common garden loam. On this I sowed my seeds with a liberal hand, just as if I was sowing Oats, the latter part of May, then waited for results. Alas for hopes! Just a green ribbon of tiny plants appeared upon the extreme west and north of the bed that got a little sun.



But the plantlets were as thick as grass, so I pricked them out and set them all over the bed. Well, some died, but enough lived to cover the bed with beauty. I had Pansy blooms with stems ten inches long by actual measurement, but the long stems were made at the expense of the flowers, for they were not much larger than a dime, though delicate and beautiful. But on the outer edge of the bed I had some flowers that were two inches across; one a rich blue, so beautiful that I shall never forget it, as blue is my favorite color.

Nettie P. Turner.

Hampshire Co., Mass.

Abutilon.—I think Abutilon is one of the best of window plants. I have a red-flowered one which I raised from seed, and it blooms summer and winter. Another with lovely foliage, like golden bells, which I received in exchange, is seldom without blossoms at any time of the year. The plants are clean, thrifty and free from any insect enemies. A near relative of Abutilon, *Achania malvaviscus*, is another beautiful plant which blooms for me at all times of the year, and never has insects to mar its beauty.

DeKalb Co., Ill.

Mrs. E. A. Leavitt.

Shasta Daisy.—I have a fine bed of Shasta Daisy. The plants are hardy, and are easily raised from seeds. They grow several feet high, and are loaded with flowers all through the second and succeeding season. They are true perennials, and the large white flowers are showy in the garden and fine for cutting.

Mrs. B. A. Meinert.

Pottawatomie Co., Okl.

Sweet Williams.—Two years ago I purchased a mixed packet of seeds of Sweet Williams and last spring they bloomed. I had all colors, some as double as a Rose, but the ones I most admired were of a dark red velvet color. A white one was beautiful, so double and sweet. The plants kept on blooming almost all summer.

Mrs. J. Forsythe.

Tuscarawas Co., Ohio.

PICK THEM OUT

1 Plant 10 Cents, 5 Plants 25 Cents, 11 Plants 50 Cents, 23 Plants \$1.00, 47 Plants \$2.00.

A year's subscription to Park's Floral Magazine included with every order.

I OFFER a splendid collection of choice Plants, Shrubs and Trees this month. Some are for the Window Garden, and the rest for outdoor planting. All are in fine condition, and I guarantee them to reach you safely and prove satisfactory. To keep the price uniform many rare and valuable plants are listed, which could not be purchased elsewhere at four or five times what I ask. Until the latter part of the month I can supply everything listed, as I do not list anything I do not have; later a few plants may be substituted. I hope all my friends will give me at least a small order this month. If possible see your friends and make up a club order. I shall appreciate any favors you may do me. Illustrated Descriptive Bulb and Plant List upon application.

Choice Roses, Etc., Given Away.

Special Offer for July—During July and until August 10th, I offer the following Special Premiums: For 50 cents you may select 11 plants from the list, and I will add one of the Splendid, Rare Climbing Roses, Hiawatha or Lady Gay (see description in June Mag.). Or, send \$1.00 and you may select 23 plants and I will add both of the Roses, making in all 25 plants for \$1.00. Or, send \$2.00 and select 47 plants, and I will add the two Roses and six small plants of Iris Kämpferi in fine mixture, making in all 55 plants for \$2.00.

And Still More!—Until August 10th I will include in every order a root of the rare Purple Florentine Iris, one of the most beautiful and showy of the German varieties, large, free-blooming and fragrant. You need not ask for this Premium. It is an absolutely free gift to everyone who orders between July 1st and August 10th. Now is the time to plant them. Make up a club.

Address **GEO. W. PARK, La Park, Lanc. Co., Pa.**



ABSOLUTELY FREE!

A root of the Rare and Beautiful Purple Florentine Iris will be added to every order received between June 1st and July 10th. This is an absolutely free gift.

Window Plants.

Abutilon, in variety
Anna
Golden Ball
Mesopotamicum
Striata Splendida
Thompsoni Plena
Crimson
Souv. de Bonn
Acacia lophantha
Acalypha triumphans
Macafeana
Achania malvaviscus
Achyranthus, Formosum,
yellowish green
Gilsont, pinkish green
Lindeni, bronzy red
Emersoni, pink and bronze
variegated, fine; the most
rich and attractive of
Antirrhinum
Agatheia, Blue Paris Daisy
Ageratum, Victoria Louise
Dwarf, dark blue
Dwarf, white
Swanley, blue, azure
Little Dorrit, yellow
Alstromeria aurantiaca
Alternanthera, red
Jewel
Brilliantissima
Aloe variegata
Alonsoa miniata compacta



Amomum Cardamomum

Note.—This is a handsome, delicately-scented foliage pot plant of easy culture.

Anomatheca cruenta
Anthericum variegatum
Lilium majus
Antigonon leptopus, vine
Antirrhinum, Snapdragon
Dainty Queen, pink
Fire King, rich scarlet
Striatum, distily striped
Yellow striped red
Yellow and orange
Roses, fine rose

Antirrhinum, Snapdragon
Coral red, new and fine
Romeo, new deep rose
Queen Victoria, white
Orchidiflora, splendid

Note.—All of these Snapdragons are charming pot and garden plants, blooming well summer or winter; long spikes of large, fragrant flowers, delicate as the Orchid.

Apararagus Sprengeri
Blampied
Plumosus nanus fine pl'ts
Decumbens, new, lovely
Common garden

Note.—Asparagus plumosus is the lovely "Lace Fern," so much prized as a window plant. A. decumbens is a new and elegant drooping sort.

Basil, Green Bush
Small-leaved dwarf
Begonia, flowering, Foliola
Fuchsoides Nitida Alba
Alba Picta Honeywell
Luminosa Decorus
Nitida Rosea Metallica

Begonia Rex, Clementine
Bougainvillea glabra
Brouillia speciosa, blue
Elata alba, Elata blue
Boston Smilax, lovely vine
Myrtifolia, new, fine
Brugmansia Suaveolens
Bryophyllum Calycinum
Caesalpinus pulcherrima

Calla, spotted-leaf
Compacta alba
Little Gem, fine plants
Carex Japonica, Jap'n grass
Carica Papaya
Cestrum laurifolium, Jas-
mine, free-blooming, sweet

Chrysanthemums, show
varieties
W. H. Lincoln, yellow
Dr. Enguehard, pink
Golden Glow, fine yellow
J. K. Shaw, pink
Garza, white, fine single
Yellow Chadwick
Silver Wedding, white
Robt. Halliday, yellow
Maj. Bonnafon, yellow
Mrs. H. Weeks, fine white
Pink Ivory, pink
Smith's Advance, white
Pacific Supreme, pink
C. Touseit, incurved white
Col. D. Appleton, in-
curved yellow
Black Hawk, fine crimson

Chrysanthamum
Golden Eagle, incurved
yellow
Mme. Jeanne Nonin, snow
white
Glory of Pacific, magnifi-
cent pink
Polly Rose, early white
Chrysanthemum frutes-
cens, yellow and white
Cineraria stellata
Cobaea scandens, vine



Coleus, Fancy, mixed
Beckwith Gem, brown
and pink, margined
Chicago Bedder, green
with gold veins
Fire brand, brown with
pink
Golden Bedder, golden
yellow
Her Majesty, red, with
gold border
Mrs. Hayes, pink, mot-
tled margin
Carmine Glow, gold and
pink
Sensation, fringed
Verschaftelt, a fine bedder
Trailing Gem, a new trail-
ing sort; fine for bas-
kets; color pink, green
and chocolate

Note.—I wish to call special attention to the Trailing Gem Coleus. It is a lovely foliage plant, dwarf and trailing in habit, and first-class for growing in pots or baskets. It is new and rare, and will be found a very valuable addition to the list of easily-grown foliage plants.

Commelynna Sellowiana
Crape Myrtle, pink
Crassula cordata, succulent
Cuphea platycentra, segar
flower, red and black
Miniata, white, rose and
red
Cyclamen, in variety
James Prize

Cyclamen, in variety
Emperor William, red
Mt. Blanc, white
Atrorubrum, deep red
Roseum superbum
Giganteum, mixed
Cypella Herbertii
Cyperus alternifolius,
Water Palm

Note.—I can supply good plants of this lovely water plant. Grown in a large pot it attains great size, and is Palm-like in appearance; a fine window plant; does well in shade.

Dahlia, Imperialis
Collarette
Coronata
Fine mixed sorts
Daisy Marguerite, white,
yellow
Mrs. Sanders, white
Dimorphothea aurantiaca
Dolichos lignosus, vine
Dracaena indivisa
Eranthemum pulchellum,
blue
Erythrina Crista Galli
Eucalyptus Resinifera
Globosus
Eucomis punctata, a bulb
Eupatorium serrulatum
Riparium, white
Euphorbia heterophylla
red

Splendens
Note.—This is the Crown of Thorns. The plants are thorny, and bear lovely waxy carmine clusters in winter. Sure to bloom.

Ferns, Amerpohilli, lace-like
Pierson Plume
Whitmanii, plumey
Scholzei, dwarf
Woodwardia
Boston
Scotti
Tarrytown
Compacta

Ferraria Canariensis
Grandiflora alba
Pavonia speciosa

Ficus repens
Fuchsia, Black Prince
Speciosa
Silver King
Morach Single
Chas. Blanco
Little Prince
Avalanche
Gloire des Marches
Geraniums, Zonale,
Single, white, rose, pink,
scarlet, crimson

Geraniums, Zonale,
Double, white, rose, pink,
scarlet, crimson
Ivy-leaved, Rose, Scarlet,
Crimson
Scented-leaved in variety
Geranium, Fancy Leaved
Mrs. Parker
Bronze Bedder
Geranium, Mary Wash'g'tn
Guava, common
Cattleyana
Heliotrope, white, light
blue, dark blue
Reine Marguerite
Note.—Heliotropes do well bedded
out, blooming all summer, and per-
fuming the entire garden.
Heterocentron album



Hibiscus, Peach Blow
Versicolor
Double Red
Double Pink
Dark Red
Hydrangea Hortensis
Impatiens, in variety
Ivy, Irish or Parlor

Note.—The Irish or Parlor Ivy will
grow in dense shade, and is a good
vine to festoon a room, or to cover a
wall that is always hidden from the
sun. It is of rapid growth.
Jasmine Revolutum, yellow
Gracillimum
Grandiflorum, white
Justicia sanguinea
Velutina

Kenilworth Ivy
Note.—I offer fine plants of this
Ivy. For baskets or vases in a window
or place entirely excluded from direct
sunlight it is unsurpassed. It droops
charmingly over the edge, and blooms
freely. It is also good for carpeting a
bed of Gladiolus or other plants.

Lantana, Yellow Queen
Aurora, crimson
Gogal, also Amiel
Francine, yellow tipped
lilac
Yellow Queen, yellow
Jaune' d'Or, yellow-red
Craigii, dwarf Orange
Javoi, pure white
Leo Dex, yellow and red
Delicatissima, Lilac
Weeping
Harkett's Perfection
Seraphire, yellow and
pink

Lemon Ponderosa
Libonia Penrhosiensis



Lobelia Hamburgia, blue
New elegant blue basket
and pot Lobelia;
charming
Compacta, blue, rose

Lopesia rosea
Lophospermum scandens
Mackaya Bella
Mandevillea suaveolens
Manettia bicolor
Maurandya, mixed
Mesembrianthemum
grandiflorum
Mexican Primrose
Mignonette erecta
Mimosa, Sensitive Plant
Mimulus Moschatus comp.
Muehlenbeckia repens
Myosotis Victoria, rose,
Victoria, white
Dissitiflora, blue
Myrtus communis, Myrtle
Nasturtium, double scarlet,
also yellow
Nicotiana Affinis, mixed
Crimson
Ophiopogon variegatum
Othonna crassifolia
Oxalis, Golden Star
Floribunda, white
Floribunda, pink
Rosea, rose
Dieppi, red
Passiflora cœrulea
Eduilis
Palm, Phoenix tennis
Pritchardia Filamentosa
Robusta
Parrots Feather
Petunia, Single Bedding
Marginata Hybrida
Howard's Star
Rosy Morn
Baby Blue
Peristrophe angustifolia
variegata; beautiful
Pilea Muscosa
Pittosporum undulatum
Tobira



Primula Floribunda
Kewensis, very fine
Chinensis Fimbriata
Alba
Rubra

Primula, Chinensis
Striata
Coccinea
Lutea
Mutabilis
Obconica grandiflora
Cœrulea
Blood red
Rivina humilis
Ruellia Formosa
Makoyana

Note.—Ruellia Makoyana is a lovely
foliage plant and bears showy tubular
coramine flowers in winter.

Russelia elegantissima
Salvia coccinea splendens
Bonfire, large, scarlet
Sansevieria Zeylanica

Note.—Sansevieria Zeylanica is a
succulent foliage plant, upright and
stately in growth, and appears well
among other plants. It is of easy cul-
ture.

Santolina tomentosa
Selaginella Maritima, Moss
Senecio petasites
Solanum grandiflorum
Jerusalem Cherry
Melongena
Stevia serrata variegata
Strobilanthes Anisophyllus
Dyerianus, metallic red
Surinam Cherry
Swainsonia alba
Ten Weeks Stock, white
Dark purple
Light blue, also Crimson

Thunbergia grandiflora
Torenia Fournieri
Tradescantia, green and
white
Multiflora, brown and
pink
Verbena hybrida, mam-
moth
Veronica longifolia
Vinca rosea, red, white
White, red eye
Vittadenia triloba
Wallflower, Parisian
Ne-plus-ultra
Water Hyacinth aquatic
Wigandia caracasana

Hardy Plants.

Acanthus mollis
Achillea, Pearl
Filipendula, yellow



Ægopodium podagraria
Agrostemma coronaria
Alisma Plantago
Anemone Japonica
Whirlwind, white
Queen Charlotte, pink
Honorable Jobert, white
Rosea, also Alba
Pennsylvanica

Alyssum Saxatile
Anchusa Italica
Dropmore variety
Anthemis Kelwayi
Nobilis
Apios Tuberosa
Aquilegia, in variety
Canadensis
Cœrulea, blue
Single white
Double white
Single red
Yellow, red center
Yellow single
Pink, tinged yellow
Red, yellow center
Pink
Mixed

Aralia racemosa
Arisema triphylla
Aristolochia, tomentum
Arabis alpina
Armeria maritima
Cephalotes
Asarum Canadensis
Asclepias tuberosa
Atrosanguinea, red
Curassavica
Incarnata, pink
Cornuti, pinkish, fra grant
Aster, hardy

Baptisia Australis
Bellis Daisy, Double Giant,
white, rose, red
Blackberry Lily
Bocconia cordata
Bupthalmum cordifolium
Calamusch acorus variegatus
Callirhoe involucreta
Calystegia pubescens
Cassia Marilandica
Cerastium grandiflorum
Carnation, Margaret, white,
red, yellow, striped
Centauria Montana
Chelone barbata, scarlet
Chrysanthemum in variety
Prince of Wales, white
Bohemia, yellow
Salem, rose-pink

Chrysanthemum, crimson
Julia Lagravere, crimson
Mrs. Porter, bronze
Maximum, Triumph
Cineraria Maritima Dia-
mond, silvery foliage
Cinnamon vine
Clematis paniculata
Virginiana
Vitalba
Compas Plant
Coreopsis Lanceolata
Grandiflora Eldorado
Crucianella stylosa
Delphinium in variety
Desmodium penduliflorum
Dianthus Deltoides
Dianthus, Pink, Baby
Fireball
Dictamnus fraxinella
Dicytra eximia
Digitalis, Foxglove
Echium plantagineum
Epimedium grandiflorum
Erigeron aurantiaca
Macranthus
Erodium Manescavii
Eupatorium ageratoides
Incarnatum, purple
Serrulatum
Eulalia Gracillima
Fragaria Indica
Funkia subcordata
Undulata variegata
Note.—Funkia subcorda-
ta is the beautiful White
Day Lily. F. undulata
variegata has elegant strip-
ed foliage, and is a superb
edging plant.

Gaillardia grandiflora, red
Grandiflora, yellow, eyed
Genista tinctoria
Germanica

Gentiana Andrewsii
Geranium, Sanguineum
Maculatum
Gerbera Hybrida
Adnet's strain
Goodyears Pubescens
Hibiscus, Crimson Eye
Helianthus tuberosus
Rigidus, Dr. Beal
Note.—Helianthus rig-
idus, Dr. Beal, is a splendid
golden autumn flower, per-
fectly hardy, and deserving
a place in every collection.



Hemerocallis, Lemon Lily
Thunbergii, later sort
Dumortieri, orange
Distichia, double, blotched
Fulva, also Kwanso fl. pl.

Note.—Hemerocallis is the Day
Lily. All kinds are hardy, beautiful
and of easy culture.

Hepatica triloba
Heracleum Mantegazzian
Hoorhound, Herb
Hollyhock, Chater's Double
Crimson, Golden, White,
Pink

Houstonia cœrulea
Hyacinthus candicans
Hypericum Moserianum
Inula helenium
Iris, German Blue
May Queen
Rosy Queen
Iris Florentine, White
Blue, also Purple
Mme. Chereau, blue
Pallida, Dalmatica, blue
Pseudo-crocus yellow,
Siberica atropurpurea
Iris Kaempferi
Glorie de Rotterdam
Queen of Blues, blue
Lamium maculatum

Lavatera Cashmeriana
Lavender, herb, true, hardy
Lilium tigrinum, double
Takesima, white
Lily of the Valley, Dutch
Fortin's Giant, fine
Linaria vulgaris
Linum Perenne, blue
Lobelia siphilitica, blue
Lunaria biennis, Honesty
Lychnis coronaria, white, also Crimson
Haageana
Lychnis Chalcedonica red
Lysimachia, Moneywort
Lyrthum roseum
Salicaria
Malva Moschata alba
Moschata rubra, red



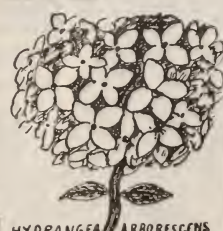
Myosotis, Victoria, blue
Rose, also white
Dissitiflora, blue
Monarda didyma
Nepeta, Catnip
Eriogonum Lamaczkiana
Paeony, Officialis, red
Chinese, mixed
Chinese, white, seedling
Paeony, Tenuifolia, red
Moss curled
Beauty of the Parterre, a
charming table plant
Peas, Perennial, red, rose
Note.—Perennial Peas
are entirely hardy, and bear
beautiful clusters of bloom.
Pennyroyal, herb
Peppermint
Phalaris, ribbon-grass
Phlox, Boule de Feu, red
Von Lassburg
Henry Murger
Boule de Neige, white
Faust, Lilac
Note.—Few flowers are
more attractive than flower-
ing Perennial Phlox.
They make a gorgeous bed
or border.
Phlox maculata
Physalis Franchetti, Chi-
nese Lantern
Edulis, a good Esculent
Pinks, hardy, mixed
Platycodon, in variety
Plumbago, Lady Arpent
Podophyllum peltatum
Pokewberry, Phytolacca
Polygonum multiflorum
Cuspidatum
Polygonatum biflorum
Potentilla formosa
Primula officinalis, yellow
Veris, single, hardy
Acaulis
Verticillata
Prunella Webbiana
Pyrethrum, Hardy Cosmos
Ranunculus Acris, fl. pl.
Note.—This is the old-fashioned dou-
ble Buttercup known as Bachelor's
Button; grows well in moist soil; golden
yellow; blooms all summer.
Rhemannia angulata
Rhubarb, Victoria
Rocket, Sweet
Tall, purple
Dwarf, purple
Tall, white
Rudbeckia, Golden Glow
Bicolor; semi plena

Rudbeckia
Purpurea, purple
Newmannii, yellow
Sullivantii, yellow
Note.—The Rudbeckia's
are all very free-blooming
and showy. R. purpurea
has large purple flowers,
and is sometimes called
Red Sunflower; the others
are golden-flowered.
Sage, Broad-leaved
Sagittaria variabilis
Sanguinaria Canadensis
Salvia Sclarea
Azura grandiflora
Praetensis, blue
Santolina Indica
Saponaria Ocymoides
Officialis
Saxifraga peltata
Scabiosa Japonica
Sedum, for banks
Aizoon
Acre, yellow
White
Sempervivum tectorum
Shasta Daisy, Alaska
California
Westvalia
Silene orientalis compacta
Smilacina racemosa
Snowflake
Spear-mint, herb
Spirea Gladstone, white
Palmata elegans, lilac
Filipendula
Solidago Canadensis
Star of Bethlehem
Stenactis speciosa
Sweet William, in variety
Pink Beauty
White single
Sweet William
White double
Crimson single
Crimson double
Rose
Holborn Glory
Symplocarpus foetidus
Taney
Thalictrum, Meadow Rue
Tradescantia Virginica
Tricyrtus Hirta, Toad Lily
Tunica saxifraga
Typha angustifolia
Valerian, fragrant, white
Scarlet and rose
Verbascum Olympeum
Blattaria
Pannosum
Phloxoides
Vernonia noveboracensis
Veronica spicata, blue
Longifolia
Vinca, blue Myrtle
Vinca variegata, trailing
Note.—Vinca variegata
is a superb trailing plant
for vases; distinctly variegated
green and white. It
offer fine plants.
Viola, Lady Campbell
Prince of Wales
Odorata, blue
Hardy white
Cucullata, blue
Pedata, early flowering
Violet, hardy blue, fragrant
Vittadenia triloba
Wallflower, Parisian
Dwarf tree
Yucca filamentosa
Quadriflorus

Shrubs and Trees.

Abelia rupestris
Acacia Julibrissin
Ailanthus glandulosa
Akebia quinata, vine
Alnus serrulata
Althea, single
Amorpha fruticosa
Ampelopsis Veitchii
Quinquefolia
Aralia pentaphylla

Artemisia, Old Man
Balm of Gilead
Basket Willow
Benzoin odoriferum
Berberis Thunbergii
Bignonia Radicans
Note.—Bignonia radicans
is the Trumpet Vine, that
bears big clusters of large
red flowers during summer
and autumn, followed by
huge pods that remain on
throughout the winter. It
has lovely foliage and is a
choice hardy vine.
Buckeye, Horse Chestnut
Callicarpa Americana
California Privet
Calycanthus floridus
Catalpa Kumpferi
Bignonoides
Speciosa
Celtis occidentalis
Cerasus, Wild Cherry
Cercis Canadensis
Celastrus scandens
Cissus heterophylla, vine
Colutea Arborescens
Cornus Sericea
Corylus, Dogwood
Florida Americana
Cottoncaster microphylla
Cydonia Japonica
Deutzia gracilis
Crenata fl. pleno
Dewberry, Blackberry
Dimorphanthus mand-
schuricus. An elegant
small tree with huge
bloom-panicles in August.
Diospyros virginica
Euclalyptus,
Gunnii, hardy
Euonymus Americana
Euonymus Japonicus
Japonicus variegatus
Forsythia Viridissima
Suspensa (Sieboldii)
Fraxinus excelsa (Ash)
White, also Blue
Genista tinctoria
Gleditsia Sinensis
Triacanthia, Honey Locust
Hickory, Shellbark
Honeysuckle, Hall's hardy
Reticulata aurea
Scarlet trumpet
Horse Chestnut



HYDRANGEA ARBORESCENS
Hydrangea paniculata
Arborescens grandiflora
Note.—This is the splendid flower-
ing shrub advertised as Hills of Snow.
The heads are globular and of huge
size. Everybody should have this
grand shrub.
Ivy, English, green
Abbotsford, variegated
Variegated-leaved
Jasmin nudiflorum
Kalmia latifolia, Laurel
Kentucky Coffee Tree
Kerria Japonica fl. pleno
Note.—Kerria Japonica
fl. pl. is the double Cor-
chorus Rose, bearing very
double golden flowers in
abundance during spring
and fall.
Koeleruteria paniculata
Ligustrum Ibotum
Ligustrum Amoor river
Ovalifolium, Cal. Privet

Lilac, white, purple
Liquidambar, Sweet Gum
Liriodendron, Tulip Tree
Lycium Chinese
Magnolia Tripetala
Maple, scarlet
Sugar, also Cut-leaf
Mulberry, black
Russian
Old Man, Artemesia
Paulownia imperialis
Philadelphus grandiflora
Poplar or Tulip tree
Pyrus baccata
Malis floribunda
Pussy Willow
Raspberry, Purple-cap
Rhamnus Carolinus
Rhodotyus Kerrioides
Rhus Cotinus, Smoke Tree
Ribes, Sweet Currant
Floridum, black.
Robinia, pseudo-acacia
Beesoniana
Hispidia
Viscosa
Rosa Rubiginosa, Sw. Brier
Rose, Mary Washington
Philadelphia Rambler
Tousendtschoen
Kilary, climbing
ClothdeSouper, climbing
Duchess Brabant
Etoile de Lyon
Helen Gould
Maman Cochet, white
Maman Cochet, pink
Wichuriana, white
Setigera
Monthly, in variety
Note.—Not more than one Rose will
be allowed in a 25 cent order; nor
four roses in a dollar order. I espe-
cially recommend the beautiful Clim-
bing Roses Hlawatha and Lady Gay.
Hlawatha is undoubtedly the most
showy and beautiful climbing Rose in
existence; flowers rich carmine with
golden center. Everybody should
have it.
Salix, Lucida, Shining W.
Babylonica, Weeping W.
Sambucus Canadensis
Cut-leaf
Everblooming
Racemosa, red berries
Snowball, old-fashioned
Spartium scoparium
Sophora Japonica



Spiraea Reevesii, double
Callosa alba
Anthony Waterer
Van Houtte, single
Opulifolia
Stephanandra flexuosa
Sugar-berry or Hackberry
Symphoricarpos, Racemosa
Vulgaris, Indian Currant
Tilia Americana, Linden
Ulmus Americanus, Elm
Vitus cordifolia, Frost
Grape
Cognite, fine
Weigela, floribunda, pink
Variegata, variegated
foliage
Weeping Willow
White Willow
Willow for baskets
White Walnut
English Walnut
Wistaria, Magnifica
Chinese, white and blue
Yellow Wood, Cladrastis

These Plants, Shrubs and Trees are all well-rooted and in fine condition. I have a full stock now, and can mostly supply anything in the list. This list will be changed monthly, and terms may vary, according to the stock on hand. Tell your friends. Get up a club.

Note.—If you send stamps kindly remit in Parcels Post Stamps, from 1-cent to 5-cent denominations.

GEO. W. PARK, La Park, Pa.

PARALYSIS

Conquered at Last.
Write for Proof of
Cures. Advice Free.
DR. CHASE'S BLOOD AND NERVE TABLETS Does it.
DR. CHASE, 224 North Tenth St., Philadelphia, Pa

MOTHERHOOD

One of the Greatest Blessings of a Woman's Life



No woman need any longer dread the pains of child-birth. Information on women's ailments and how you may give birth to happy, healthy children absolutely without fear of pain. Send your name and address

to Dr. J. H. Dye Medical Institute, 826 Lewis Block, Buffalo, N. Y., and we will send you postpaid his wonderful book, which tells how to give birth to happy, healthy children absolutely without fear of pain, also how to become a mother. Do not delay, but write TODAY.

CORRESPONDENCE.

From Illinois.—Mr. Park: I will tell you how I keep my Dahlia tubers. I pull the plants up before the tops get frosted, cut the tops off, and place the clumps on the porch till they are dry, then I put them into a box and hang up in a frost-proof cellar. In the spring they will have sprouts on them. Then I divide them and set them where they are all exposed to the sun.

Percy Kepner.

Mt. Pulaski, Ill., April 26, 1913.

From Texas.—Mr. Park: Our Phlox Drummondii began to grow here in February, and the plants bloom early in March. There are not many flowers that I can grow here, on account of the hot, dry summer and fall, but I have splendid success with Sunflowers, Vinca rosea, Petunias, Phlox, Verbenas, Zinnias, Larkspurs, Morning Glories, Marigold, Celosia, Cosmos and Hollyhocks. Bulbs rot in about two years after they bloom. I have been reading your Magazine for years and years, and am generally successful with flowers.

Mrs. E. G. Coward.

(Cameron) Milan Co., Tex., R. 4, Feb. 4, 1913.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanse and beautifies the hair.
Promotes a luxuriant growth.
Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color.
Prevents hair falling.

50c. and \$1.00 at Druglists.

FREE



DON'T WEAR A TRUSS

Rupture Cured by Stuart's Plapao-Pads means that you can throw away the painful truss altogether, as the Plapao-Pads are made to cure rupture and not simply to hold it; being self-adhesive and when adhering to the body slipping is impossible, therefore, they are also an important factor in retaining rupture that cannot be held by a truss. No straps, buckles or springs—cannot slip, so cannot chafe or press against the pubic bone. Thousands have successfully treated themselves at home—no delay from work. Soft as velvet—easy to apply—inexpensive. Awarded Gold Medal. Process of recovery is natural, so no further use for truss. We prove what we say by sending you Trial of Plapao absolutely FREE—you pay nothing for it, now, or ever. Write today. Address—PLAPAO LABORATORIES, Block 714, ST. LOUIS, MO.



FREE TO YOU---MY SISTER

FREE TO YOU and Every Sister
Suffering from Woman's Ailments

*I am a woman.
I know woman's sufferings.
I have found the cure.*

I will mail, free of any charge my home treatment with full instructions to any sufferer from woman's ailments. I want to tell all women about this cure—you, my reader, for yourself, your daughter, your mother, or sister. I want to tell you how to cure yourselves at home without the help of a doctor. Men cannot understand women's sufferings. What we women know from experience we know better than any doctor.

I know that my home treatment is a safe and sure cure for Leucorrhoea or Displacement or Falling of the Womb, or Painful Periods, Uterine or Ovarian Tumors or Growths; also pains in the head, back and bowels, bearing down feeling, nervousness, creeping feeling up the spine, melancholy, desire to cry, hot flashes, weariness, kidney and bladder troubles where caused by weaknesses peculiar to our sex.

I Want to Send You a Complete Ten Days' Treatment Entirely Free

to prove to you that you can cure yourself at home easily, quickly, and surely. Remember, that it will cost you nothing to give the treatment a complete trial; and if you should wish to continue, it will cost you only about 12 cts. a week, or less than 2 cts. a day. It will not interfere with your work or occupation. Just send me your name and address, tell me how you suffer if you wish, and I will send you the treatment for your case, entirely free, in plain wrapper, by return mail. I will also send you free of cost, my book "WOMAN'S OWN MEDICAL ADVISER" with explanatory illustrations showing why women suffer, and how they can easily cure themselves at home. Every woman should have it and learn to think for herself. Then when the doctor says—"You must have an operation," you can decide for yourself. Thousands of women have cured themselves with my home remedy. It cures all, old or young. To mothers of DAUGHTERS, I will explain a simple home treatment which speedily and effectually cures Leucorrhoea and Painful or Irregular Menstruations in Young Ladies. Plumpness and health always result from its use.

Wherever you live, I can refer you to ladies in your own locality who know and will gladly tell any sufferer that this Home Treatment really cures all women's diseases and makes women well, strong, plump and robust. Just send me your address, and the 'free ten days' treatment is yours, also the book. This is no O. D. scheme. All letters are kept confidential and are never sold to other persons. Write today, as you may not see this offer again. Address

MRS. R. SUMMERS, BOX 51

South Bend, IND., U. S. A.

CHILDREN'S CORNER.

Dear Mr. Park:—I am thirteen years old and came from Illinois when I was four years old. We like Oregon because it has such a healthy climate and mild winters. Most flowers do well here, especially Roses. Pansies will bloom outdoors most of the winter. We live on a farm of 110 acres. We have a pony, canary, big Shepherd dog, and three cats. I have a piano and love music, flowers and birds. Your little Magazine is always welcome. Postals exchanged.

Elmira, Ore., May 21, 1913. Rebecca Sailor.

Rheumatism

A Home Cure Given by One Who Had It

In the spring of 1893 I was attacked by Muscular and Inflammatory Rheumatism. I suffered as only those who have it know, for over three years. I tried remedy after remedy, and doctor after doctor, but such relief as I received was only temporary. Finally, I found a remedy that cured me completely, and it has never returned. I have given it to a number who were terribly afflicted and even bedridden with Rheumatism, and it effected a cure in every case.

I want every sufferer from any form of rheumatic trouble to try this marvelous healing power. Don't send a cent; simply mail your name and address and I will send it free to try. If, after you have used it and it has proven itself to be that long-looked-for means of curing your Rheumatism, you may send the price of it, one dollar, but, understand, I do not want your money unless you are perfectly satisfied to send it. Isn't that fair? Why suffer any longer when positive relief is thus offered you free? Don't delay. Write today.

Mark H. Jackson, No. 541 Alhambra Bldg., Syracuse, N. Y.

Perfect Your Figure

LET ME SEND YOU "AUTO MASSEUR" ON A 40 DAY FREE TRIAL BOTH SEXES

So confident am I that simply wearing it will permanently remove all superfluous flesh that I mail it free, without deposit. When you see your shapeliness speedily returning I know you will buy it. Try it at my expense. Write to-day.

PROF. BURNS 15 West 84th Street Dept. 63, New York

TOBACCO HABIT

Dep. can conquer it easily in 3 days. Improve your health, prolong your life. No more stomach trouble, no foul breath, no heart weakness. Regain manly vigor, calm nerves, clear eyes and superior mental strength. Whether you chew, or smoke pipe, cigarettes, cigars, get my interesting Tobacco Book. Worth its weight in gold. Mailed free. E. J. WOODS, 534 Sixth Ave., 360 X, New York, N. Y.

OPIUM

Harris Treatment, Suite 63, No. 358 W. 58th St. New York

or Morphine Habit Treated. Free trial. Cases where other remedies have failed, specially desired. Write particulars for

Asthma

& HAY FEVER REMEDY sent by express to you on Free Trial. If it cures send \$1; if not, don't. Give express office. Write today. Address W. K. STERLINE, 881 Poplar St. Sidney, Ohio

CANCER

Home treatment, no knife or plaster for the cure of Cancer, Tumor and Scrofula. For particulars, address

Dr. C. H. Mason's Vegetable Cancer Compound, Chatham, N. Y.

CANCER

Treated at home. No pain, knife,

plaster or oils. Send for Free treatise. A. J. MILLER, M. D., St. Louis, Mo.

How to Get Fat Free

Home Treatment Which Works Wonders in Making Scrawny, Undeveloped Men and Women Plump and Attractive

Quickly Increase Weight 10 to 40 Pounds

50c Box Free to Any Reader

Thin persons, particularly those from ten to thirty pounds under weight, will be interested to learn of a marvelous discovery which puts on flesh at the rate of a pound a day in many instances, rounds out the figure and makes thin folks fat up even if they have been scrawny for years.

Don't shut your eyes and say "Impossible!" Put this new treatment to the test. The test is free (see coupon below), and surely the test will tell. It is no sign that you must remain skinny and under weight the rest of your life even if you have vainly tried every "fattener" you ever heard of.



This new discovery calls for no diet "stunts," no detention from business. You go about as usual, eat what you like. It is harmless to the most delicate system, and contains no oils, emulsions, nor alcohol. Just a concentrated tablet which can be taken privately. Your nearest friends need not know what you are doing until you astonish them with a visible and pleasing increase in weight.

Excessive thinness is very mortifying. Thin men never look like "real money." They are pushed aside in the race for success. Bony women are seldom very popular. Dress will not hide skin and bones. All men admire fine figures. Take Sargol and get out of the feather-weight class.

Mail the Coupon today. Send your name and full address to The Sargol Co., 2-G Herald Bldg., Binghamton, N. Y. They will send at once the 50-cent package of Sargol and will write and show you why you have remained thin, and how Sargol puts on firm flesh in a natural way. There is no longer any necessity for you to remain skinny and ill developed.

FREE COUPON

This certificate entitles the holder to one 50-ct. package of Sargol, the home treatment which makes thin folks plump and attractive.

Please inclose 10 cents to help pay distribution expenses.

The Sargol Co., 2-G Herald Bldg., Binghamton, N. Y.

Guaranteed Rupture Holder On 60 Days Trial

**Won't Cost You a Cent If the Two Months
Test Doesn't Prove All Our Claims**

You make a thorough 60 day test of this guaranteed rupture holder without having to risk a single cent. We'll make one especially for your case and let you see for yourself how it takes all the misery out of being ruptured.



Away with Leg-Strap and Spring Trusses

So far as we know, our guaranteed rupture holder is the only thing of any kind for rupture that you can get on 60 days' trial—the only thing we know of GOOD enough to stand such a long and thorough test. It's the famous Cluthe Automatic Massaging Truss—made on an absolutely new principle—has 18 patented features. Self-adjusting. Does away with the misery of wearing belts, leg-straps and springs. Guaranteed to hold at all times—including when you are working, taking a bath, etc. Has cured in case after case that seemed hopeless.

Write for Free Book of Advice.—Cloth-bound, 104 pages. Explains the dangers of operation. Shows just what's wrong with elastic and spring trusses, and why drugstores should no more be allowed to fit trusses than to perform operations. Exposes the humbugs—shows how old-fashioned worthless trusses are sold under false and misleading names. Tells all about the care and attention we give you. Endorsements from over 5,000 people, including physicians. Write today—find out how you can prove every word we say by making a 60 day test without risking a penny.

Box 53—Cluthe Co., 125 E. 23rd St., New York City

FREE TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS

A New Home Cure That Anyone Can Use Without Discomfort or Loss of Time.

We have a New Method that cures Asthma, and we want you to try it at our expense. No matter whether your case is of long-standing or recent development, whether it is present as occasional or chronic Asthma, you should send for a free trial of our method. No matter in what climate you live, no matter what your age or occupation, if you are troubled with asthma, our method should relieve you promptly.

We especially want to send it those apparently hopeless cases, where all forms of inhalers, douches, opium preparations, fumes, "patent smokes," etc., have failed. We want to show everyone at our expense, that this new method is designed to end all difficult breathing, all wheezing, and all those terrible paroxysms at once and for all time.

This free offer is too important to neglect a single day. Write now and then begin the method at once. Send no money. Simply mail coupon below. Do It Today.

FREE ASTHMA COUPON

FRONTIER ASTHMA CO., Room 293-H,
Niagara and Hudson Streets, Buffalo, N. Y.

Send free trial of your method to:

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.....

.....

Good for \$1.00 Pair

When filled in and mailed to **Magic Foot
Draft Co., Dept. 791, Jackson, Mich.**

Name

Address

Return mail will bring you \$1.00 Pair of Drafts
to try **FREE**. Read this offer.

To everyone suffering with RHEUMATISM I Make This Unlimited Offer



FRED K DYER
Corresponding Sec'y

I'll send you a Dollar Pair of **Magic Foot Drafts** the same day I get your coupon—fresh from the laboratory, ready to begin their work the minute you put them on. They are relieving every stage and condition of this cruel disease, whether chronic or acute, muscular, Sciatic, Lumbago or Gout—no matter

where located or how severe. They are bringing comfort even to old men and women who have suffered all their lives, as well as all the milder stages. Don't neglect rheumatism, I urge you, for I know the horrible torture and deformity it so often leads to. Send today for the **Drafts**. I send them on **free trial** because I know what they have done for many thousands and I have faith that they can do as much for you. Try the **Drafts** when you get them. Then, if

you are fully satisfied with the benefit received, send me One Dollar. If not, they cost you nothing. I take your word. Can't you see that I couldn't sell my Drafts year after year if they didn't really do just what I claim for them? Address **Magic Foot Draft Co., Dept. 791, Jackson, Mich.** Send no money—just the coupon. Write today—**now**.

TRADE MARK



DRINK HABIT CONQUERED

In 8 days, also Method for giving secretly. Guaranteed. Successful often after all others fail. Gentle, pleasant, harmless; for steady or periodical (spree) drinker. Genuine home Treatment, medically indorsed; legions of testimonials. 'Valuable Book, plain wrapper, free, postpaid. E. J. WOODS, 534 Sixth Ave 360-P New York, N.Y.

EXCHANGES.

Mrs. Nancy Johnson, Belle Center, Ohio, will exchange Cactus slips for pieces for comfortables.
Cln. Rose, Pink Rambler, per. Phlox, Peonies, Boltonia, for Roses. Mrs. M. A. Peters, Camp Creek, W. Va.



Are You FAT?

I Was
ONCE.

I Reduced
MYSELF.

I was Fat, Uncomfortable, Looked Old, Felt Miserable, suffered with Rheumatism, Asthma, Neuralgia. When I worked or walked, I puffed like a Porpoise. I took every advertised medicine I could find. I Starved, Sweated, Exercised, Doctored and changed climate, but I ruined my digestion, felt like an invalid but steadily gained weight. There was not a single plan or drug that I heard of that I did not try. I failed to reduce my weight. I dropped society, as I did not care to be the butt of all the jokes. It was embarrassing to have my friends tell me I was getting Stout, as no one knew it better than myself.

SOMETHING HAD TO BE DONE.

I began to study the cause of FAT. When I discovered the cause I found the remedy. The French Method gave me an insight. I improved on that. Removed the objectionable features, added more pleasant ones, and then I tried my plan on myself for a week. It worked like Magic. I could have

SCREAMED WITH JOY

at the end of the first week when the scales told me I had lost ten pounds by my simple, easy, harmless, Drugless Method. It was a pleasure then to continue until I regained my normal self in size. I feel fifteen years younger. I look fifteen years younger. My Double Chin has entirely disappeared. I can walk or work now. I can climb a mountain. I am normal in size. I can weigh just what I want to weigh. I am master of my own body now. I did not starve, but eat all I wanted to. I did not take Sweat Baths. I did not Drug. I used no Electricity, or harmful exercises, but I found the Simple, Sane, Common Sense WAY of reducing my weight and I applied it. I have tried it on others. My Doctor says I am a perfect picture of health now. I am no longer ailing. I am now a happy, healthy woman. Now I am going to help others to be happy. I have written a book on the subject. If you are fat, I want you to have it. It will tell you all about my Harmless, Drugless Method. To all who send me their name and address I mail it FREE, as long as the present supply lasts. It will save you Money. Save you from Harmful Drugs, Save you from Starvation Diets, Harmful Exercises, possibly save YOUR LIFE. It is yours for the asking without a penny. Just send name and address. A Postal Card will do, and I'll be glad to send it so that you can quickly learn how to reduce yourself and be as happy as I am. Write today as this advertisement may not appear again in this paper.

HATTIE BIEL, 1047 Barclay, Denver, Colo.

CORRESPONDENCE.

From Michigan.—Mr. Park: I can see no reason why we should let cats catch birds because they know no better. Foxes know no better than to catch our chickens, but who would let them do it? Everyone knows that rats carry germs, even the Bubonic plague and spotted fever, yet they keep cats to catch and eat the rats. Can they do it and not get the germs on themselves, even if they do not eat them? It seems to me that the cats would be as dangerous to handle as the rats. Mrs. Van Valkenburg.
Calhoun Co., Mich., April 17, 1913.

QUESTIONS.

Amaryllis Blasting.—I potted an Amaryllis in January, using rich dirt with good drainage. The bulb was sold, and it had a nice bud started when I potted it, but it made no roots and the bud blasted in the sun. Another bud started out but blasted in the same way. Now it has another bud started, but there are still no roots. It is in a plant window. How shall I treat it.—Mrs. N. Plane, Michigan, April 15, 1913.

Sweet Pea Blight.—Will someone please give a remedy for Sweet Pea blight.—Eva C. Moon, Jamestown, N. Y., April 18, 1913. (150 Hallock St.

Asparagus.—I have an Asparagus Sprengeri and an Asparagus Plumosus. They send up new shoots only once or twice a year. I have repotted them but they do not grow. The old shoots die out. How shall I treat them?—Huldah Carroll, Warren Co., Ill., April 14, 1913.

Geraniums Turning White.—The stems of my Geraniums turn white, as if the skin was eaten off, then the leaves die. What is the cause, and how shall I get rid of the trouble?—Mrs. J. E. Jackson, (Jackson) Madison Co., Tenn., April 22, 1913.

Hydrangea.—Can someone tell me how to grow Hydrangea seeds in a box, and how soon they can be transplanted?—Mrs. G. B. S., Beloit, Wis.

Rids Skin of All Hairs, Try It, Free

Wonderful New Preparation, Unlike Anything Ever Known Before.



"These Hairs Will
Be Gone in
3 Minutes.

"Hairs
Gone
Forever!"

I want every man and woman who wants to get rid of superfluous hair, anywhere on the body, to see the extraordinary results of my new Elec-tro-la, the most remarkable preparation. Unlike other preparations, Elec-tro-la absolutely and forever destroys the life of the hair roots.

Elec-tro-la is safe, absolutely. No reddening of the skin. No irritation. The skin, no matter how tender, is left refreshed, soft and beautiful.

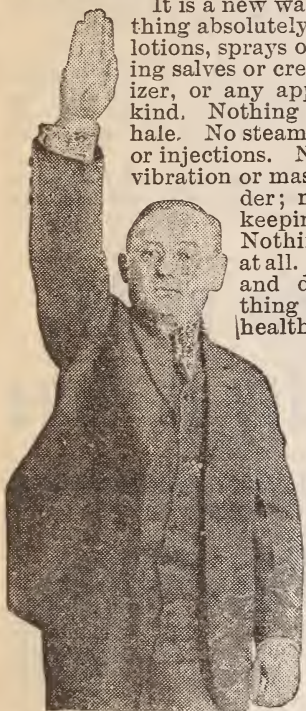
Any woman can now free her arms, neck, face and bust of all downy or heavy hairs, and her beauty enhanced a hundred fold. I am going to prove it to you, and send you a liberal trial package of this new Elec-tro-la. The regular size package of Elec-tro-la is \$1.00, and your money will be refunded if you are not satisfied. Send your name and address and a two-cent stamp to help cover cost of mailing to the Korektiv Co., 231 E. 43d St., Room 9602, Chicago, Ill., and the remedy will be sent at once.

CATARRH TRUTH

TOLD IN A SIMPLE WAY

No Apparatus, Inhalers, Salves, Lotions, Harmful Drugs, Smoke or Electricity

HEALS 24 HOURS



It is a new way. It is something absolutely different. No lotions, sprays or sickly smelling salves or creams. No atomizer, or any apparatus of any kind. Nothing to smoke or inhale. No steaming, or rubbing or injections. No electricity or vibration or massage. No powder; no plasters; no keeping in the house. Nothing of that kind at all. Something new and different—something delightful and healthful, something

instantly successful. You do not have to wait, and linger, and pay out a lot of money. You can stop it over night—and I will gladly tell you how—FREE. I am not a doctor and this is not a so-called doctor's prescription—but I am cured, and

my friends are cured, and you can be cured. Your suffering will stop at once like magic.

I AM FREE — YOU CAN BE FREE

My catarrh was filthy and loathsome. It made me ill. It dulled my mind. It undermined my health and was weakening my will. The hacking, coughing, spitting made me obnoxious to all, and my foul breath and disgusting habits made even my loved ones avoid me secretly. My delight in life was dulled and my faculties impaired. I knew that in time it would bring me to an untimely grave because every moment of the day and night it was slowly yet surely sapping my vitality.

But I found a cure, and I am ready to tell you about it **FREE**. Write me promptly.

RISK JUST ONE CENT.

Send no money. Just your name and address on a postal card. Say: "Dear Sam Katz. Please tell me how you cured your catarrh and how I can cure mine." That's all you need to say. I will understand, and I will write to you with complete information, **FREE**, at once. Do not delay. Send the postal card or write me a letter today. Don't think of turning this page until you have asked for this wonderful treatment that can do for you what it has done for me.

SAM KATZ, Suite 3051,

325 So. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.

CHOICE HARDY PERENNIALS.

The following are all hardy, lasting and beautiful Perennials, and should have a place in every garden. My seeds are of the finest quality, and the mixtures carefully prepared. Do not fail to start a bed of these choice flowers this season. For other sorts see Park's Floral Guide, mailed free. Sow this month.

Aquilegia, Columbine, one of the most graceful and beautiful of garden perennials. Easily grown. Grows three feet high, and blooms during spring and summer. The finest large-flowered, long-spurred sorts, mixed 5 cts.

Adlumia cirrhosa, a beautiful, delicate vine with fine pink clusters; will grow well in shade. 5c.

Anthemis Kelwayii, a golden-flowered Daisy; grows two feet high and blooms freely. Per pkt. 5c.

Arabis Alpina, one of the best early-flowering perennials: a carpet of silvery foliage and pure white flowers in clusters; splendid. Per packet 5 cents.

Aubrietia, a trailing, spring-blooming perennial; flowers in clusters, purple, in great profusion; mixed 5 cents.

Agrostemma coronaria, two feet high; silvery foliage and showy, rich scarlet and white flowers; 5 cents.

Alyssum saxatile compactum, a foot high; flowers rich golden yellow in big clusters in spring. Called Gold Dust. Per packet 5 cents.

Campanula Medium, the showy and beautiful Canterbury Bell; branches and forms little trees of grand, big bell-flowers. Colors white, rose, azure, striped and blue; double or single. Each 5 cts., mixed 5 cts., or all sorts, double and single, mixed, 5 cents.

Campanula Pyramidalis, the Chimney Bell Flower; a grand perennial, six feet high, loaded with bells. Blue, white, each 5 cents, mixed 5 cents.

Carnation, Garden, a superb hardy, double Pink, free-blooming and fragrant. Of easy culture; blooms second year and for many years afterward. Splendid colors mixed. 5 cts.

Coreopsis Eldorado, a grand golden-flowered perennial; showy in the garden and fine for cutting. 5 cts.

Delphinium, new hybrids; plants three to eight feet high, becoming glorious wreaths of bloom throughout autumn. All colors mixed. Per pkt. 5 cts.

Digitalis, Foxglove, a stately, showy perennial, the flowers bell-shaped, drooping from a tall scape, and very attractive. White, yellow, rose, lilac, spotted, each 5 cents. Finest varieties mixed 5 cents.

Gypsophila paniculata, small fairy-like white flowers on hair-like stems; fine for bouquets. 5 cents.

Hollyhock, Chater's Finest Double, stately plants six feet tall, covered with immense feathery balls of rich bloom, white, golden yellow, rose, scarlet, crimson, sulphur and other colors. Each 5 cts. Mixed 5 cents.

Hibiscus, crimson-eye, six feet high, enormous Hollyhock-like flowers nine inches across. 5 cents.

Linum Perenne, a lovely ever-blooming hardy perennial one foot high; blue, white, rose. 5 cts., mixed 5 cts.

Malva Moschata, large, showy, delicate bloom; makes a gorgeous display in the garden; mixed 5 cts.

Poppy, Perennial, one of the most glorious of perennials; flowers mostly a shade of scarlet, some times salmon or blush, and often nine inches across; wonderfully showy. Mixed 5 cents.

Primrose, Hardy, splendid early-flowering border plants; flowers in fine clusters; mixed colors, 5c.

Pyrethrum, Perennial Cosmos, elegant foliage, and pretty Cosmos-like flowers in early summer. Colors white, rose, carmine. Each 5 cents, mixed 5c.

Pea, Perennial, hardy, beautiful vines; flowers pea-like, in big clusters on long stems; blooms continuously and is fine for a trellis; white, rose, carmine; each 5c, mixed 5c.

Phlox, Perennial, two feet high, bearing great heads of fragrant flowers of various colors. Mixed 5c.

Platycodon (Wahlenbergia), grows two feet high; huge blue or white flowers; a splendid garden flower. Mixed 5 cents.

Pinks, Garden; showy, feathery flowers in great profusion. Mixed, double and single, 5 cents.

Sweet Rocket, a Phlox-like hardy perennial blooming in spring; deliciously scented; mixed 5 cts.

Sweet William, greatly improved. Plants make a showy bed; flowers richly scented. Double and single. Splendid large-flowered varieties mixed, 5 cts.

Wallflower, very frag't, d'ble and single, mxd 5c. Address **GEO. W. PARK, La Park, Pa.**

